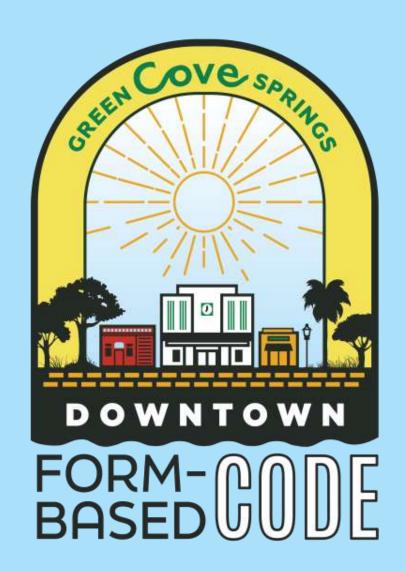
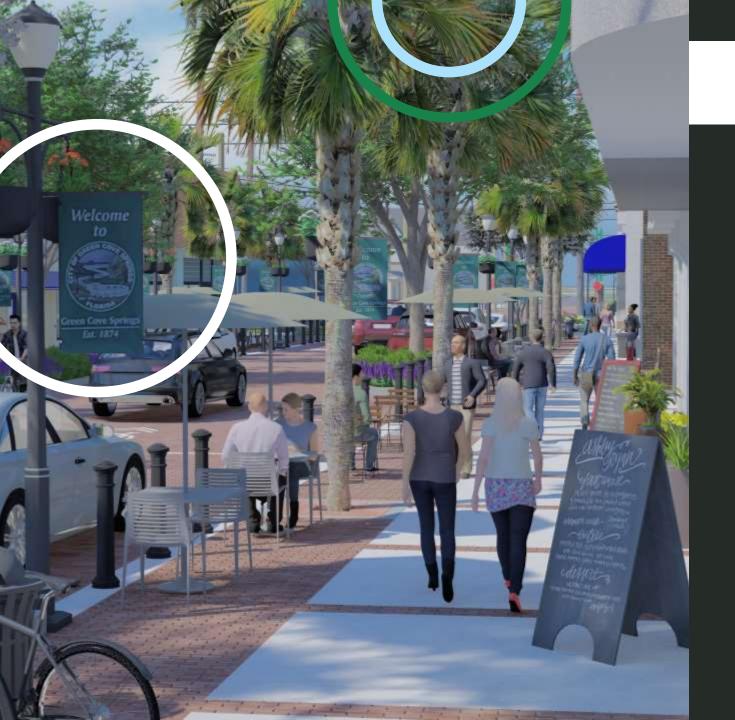
GREEN COVE SPRINGS FORM-BASED CODE

public workshop one

08.08.2023



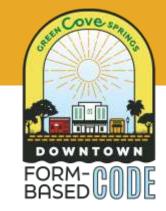




AGENDA

- 1 project background
- 2 form-based code
- initial findings
- engagement activities
- 5 next steps

PROJECT BACKGROUND



FUTURE LAND



TO DEVELOP AND MAINTAIN LAND TO PROVIDE FOR THE MOST APPRO DIRECT GROWTH TO SUITABLE ARE HEALTH, SAFETY AND WELFARE OF



Future development and redevelopment projects shall protect the City's unique character, historic neighborhoods, and high quality of life.

Policy 1.3.1. The City shan and ste the current zoning map and district regulations to implement the directives of this plan.

Policy 1.3.2. The City shall establish locational criteria in the LDC for future rezoning of sites to higher density and/or intensity districts. The following principles shall be considered:

- Compatibility means that different land uses can come in relative proximity to each other provided that a use is not impacted directly or indirectly by another use.
- Increases in density and intensity must generally occur in a gradual fashion, avoiding abrupt transitions.
- High density residential uses should generally be located in areas that have adequate vehicular access and proximity to service uses.
- d. Spot zoning should be avoided. Spot zoning refers to changing the zoning designation of small parcial of land for a designation corally different from that of the currounding area for the benefit of owner of such properly and to appropriate of other covinces.

Policy 1.3.3. As the City continues to grow, its LDC shall be updated to incorporate urban design principles, such as:

- Form-based code regulations for the downtown and surrounding areas.
- b. Smaller building setbacks and lot sizes:
- c. Green infrastructure; and
- d. A reduction and relocation of vehicular parking spaces and areas to the rear or side of structures where appropriate

1.1.4. The City shall require all new

development and redevelopment projects to integrate harmoniously into established neighborhoods through the use of buffering, open to landscaping, and other site design tools.

Policy 1.3.5. Life shall ensure that all existing, new, and expanded subsections are consistent with the sustainability, character, compact life, resource preservation, and economic development are so the City.

Policy 1.3.6. The City shall prohibit future encroachment of inconsidential development into established neighborhoods which are incompatible with the character of the area.

Policy 1.3.7. The City shall amend as LDC to accorde additional design and compatible, requirements for developments located using major roadway corridors.

Policy 1.3.8. The City shall encourage the shared construction, maintenance, and use of shared parking and stormwater management facilities between adjacent and nearby developments.

Policy 1.3.9. The City shall seek to develop a signage and wayfinding master plan to enhance the navigability, branding, and aesthetic character of the City.

Policy 1.3.10. The City shall work with FDOT and the North Roxida TPO to improve the image of the US 17 and SII. 16 corridors by adding landscaping, banners, and other elements that would help create a sense of place.

Policy 1.3.11. The City shall explore the possibility of creating a gateway cear the Governors Creek bridge, where the waterfront is first visible to drivers traveling south on US 17 Future development and redevelopment projects shall protect the City's unique character, historic neighborhoods, and high quality of life.

Policy 1.3.3. As the City continues to grow, its LDC shall be updated to incorporate urban design principles, such as:

- Form-based code regulations for the downtown and surrounding areas;
- b. Smaller building setbacks and lot sizes;
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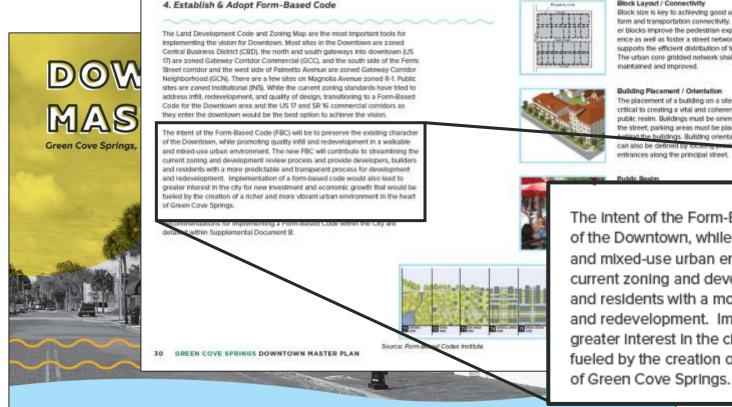
SUTURE LAND USE

1-

February 2022

PROJECT BACKGROUND

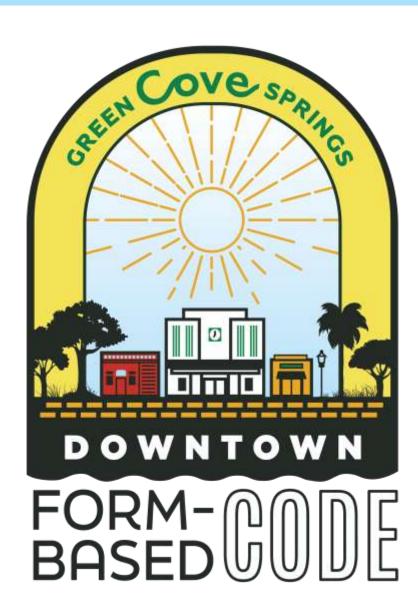




Block Layout / Connectivity Block size is key to achieving good urban form and transportation connectivity. Shorter blocks improve the pedestrian experience as well as foster a street network that supports the efficient distribution of traffic. The urban core gridded network shall be maintained and improved.

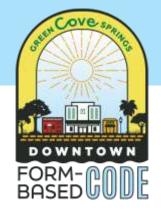
Building Placement / Orientation The placement of a building on a site is critical to creating a vital and coherent public realm. Buildings must be oriented to the street; parking areas must be placed of the buildings. Building orientation entrances along the principal street.

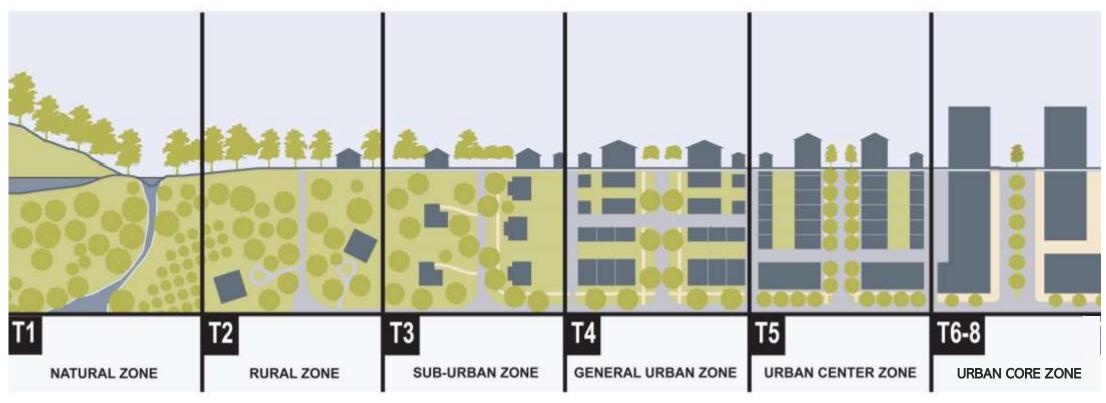
The Intent of the Form-Based Code (FBC) will be to preserve the existing character of the Downtown, while promoting quality infill and redevelopment in a walkable and mixed-use urban environment. The new FBC will contribute to streamlining the current zoning and development review process and provide developers, builders and residents with a more predictable and transparent process for development and redevelopment. Implementation of a form-based code would also lead to greater interest in the city for new investment and economic growth that would be fueled by the creation of a richer and more vibrant urban environment in the heart



Form-Based Codes are:

- an alternative to conventional zoning
- regulations, not guidelines
- focused on the appearance and design of buildings, rather than their use
- concerned with how the site is accessed by a range of transportation options





COMPONENTS

regulating plan

block layout

list of uses

site design

building form

building architecture

public space design

definitions



COMPONENTS

regulating plan

block layout

list of uses

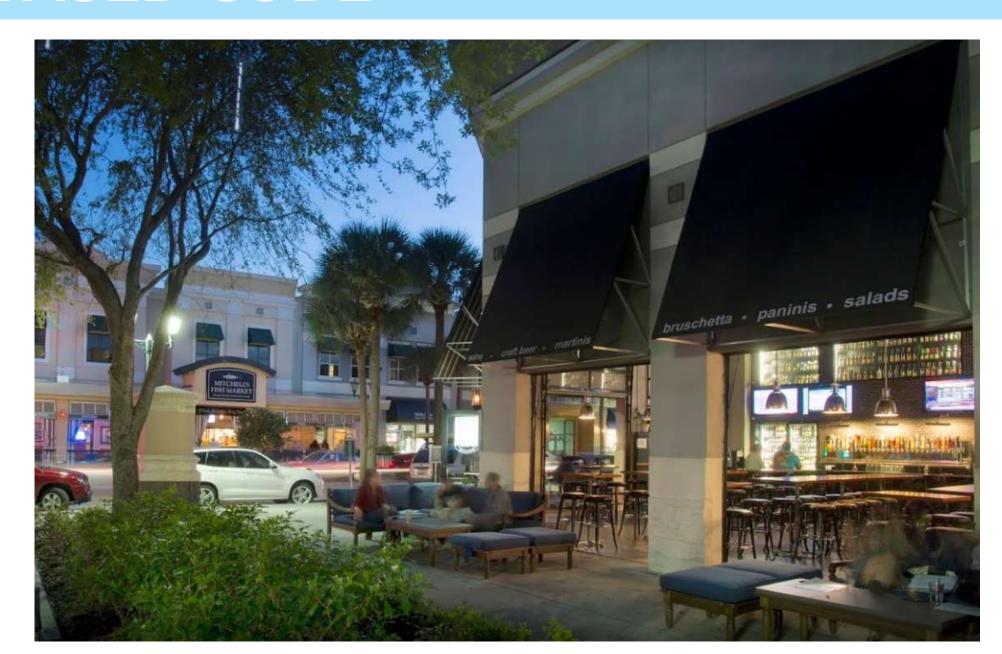
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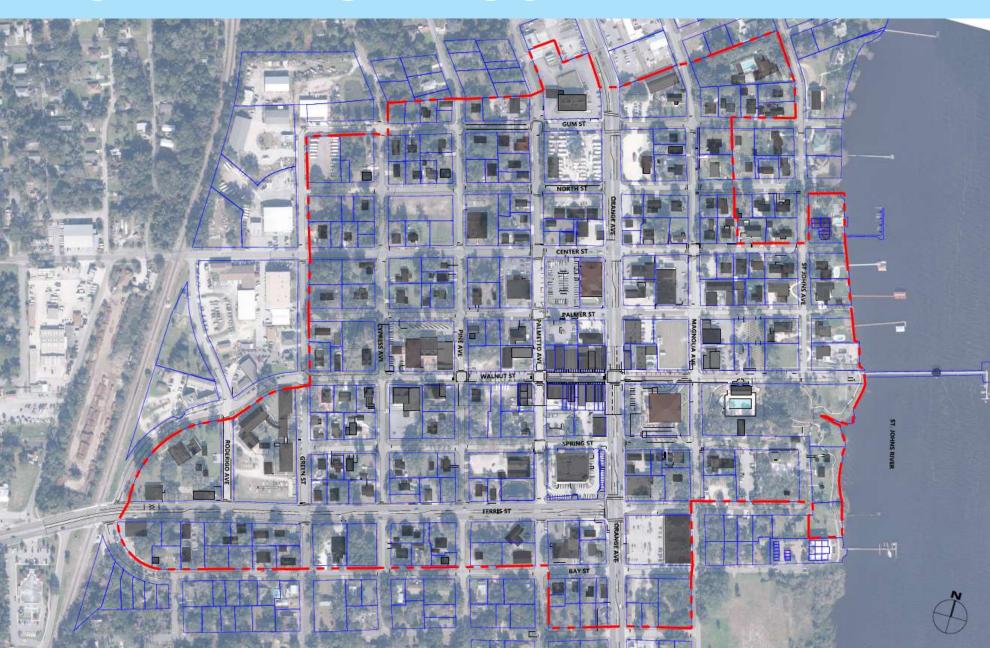
building form

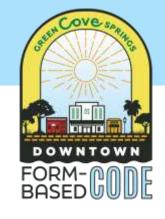
building architecture

public space design

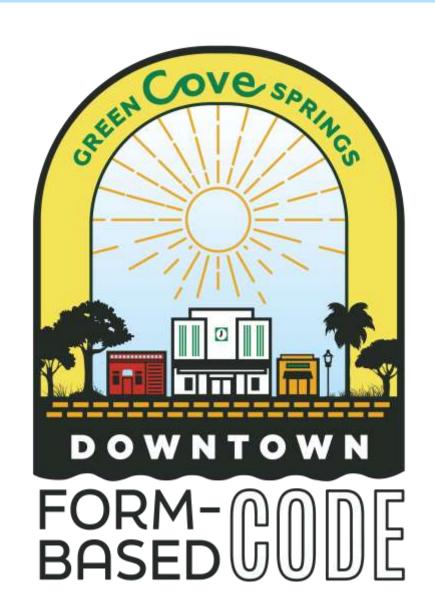
definitions







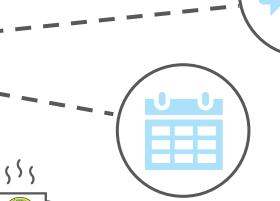












tinyurl.com/GCSFBC



There are institutional and residentially zoned properties not expected to redevelop





Refine the boundaries of the FBC Area

Prescence of nonconforming lots, structures, and uses



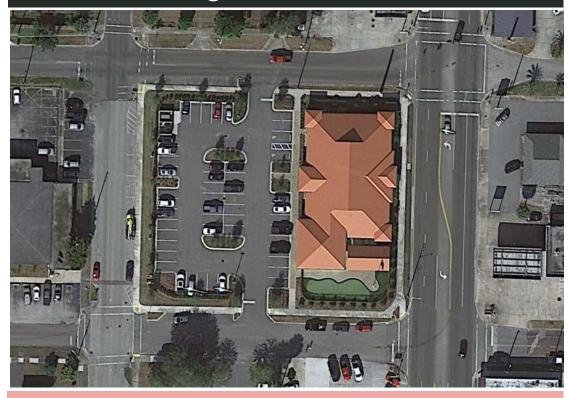
Re-examine requirements







Lots fronting on more than one street



Specify in the regulations which roads will have primary frontage

Suburbanization of the Study Area over time





Revise regulations to support more urban, walkable developments







Coexistence of residential and nonresidential uses



Include compatibility requirements within the FBC

Property owners often struggle to meet current parking requirements



Review current parking standards for new development







Historic character of buildings is not protected from redevelopment



Consider establishing architectural standards to retain existing character

Review possibility of allowing more than 2 stories





Ensure views of water are protected





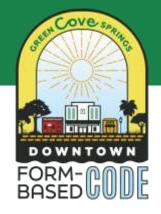






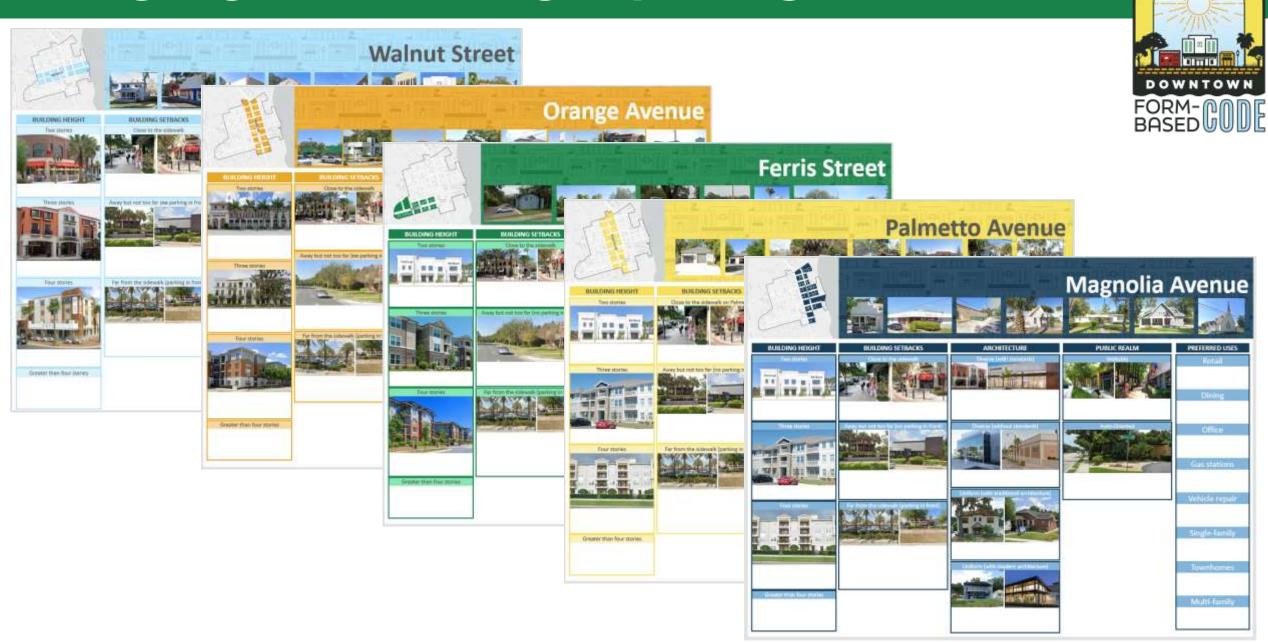














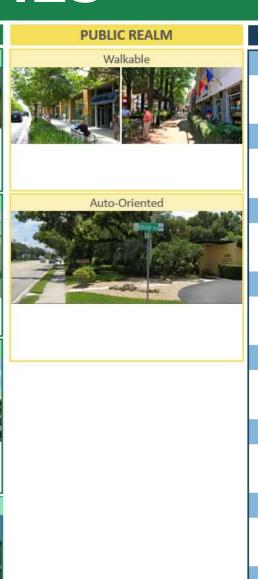


Greater than four stories











Dining

Vehicle repair

Office

Gas stations

PREFERRED USES

Single-family

Townhomes

Multi-family

NEXT STEPS











